Chlodulf of Metz

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Saint Chlodulf (**Clodulphe** or **Clodould**) or more commonly **Saint Cloud** (605 – June 8, 696 or June 8, 697, others say May 8, 697) was bishop of Metz approximately from 657 to 697.

Chlodulf was the son of Arnulf, bishop of Metz, and the younger brother of Ansegisel, mayor of the palace of Austrasia.

Before his ordination Chlodulf had married an unknown woman and had begotten a son called Aunulf.

In 657, he became bishop of Metz, the third successor of his father, and held that office for 40 years. During this time he richly decorated the cathedral St. Stephen. He also was in close contact with his sister-in-law Saint Gertrude of Nivelles.

He died in Metz and was buried in the church of St. Arnulf. In Nivelles he was locally venerated as **Saint Clou**, especially because of his connection to Saint Gertrude. His Feast Day is June 8.

Carolingian dynasty

Pippinids

- Pippin the Elder (c. 580–640)
- Grimoald (616–656)
- Childebert the Adopted (d. 662)

Arnulfings

- Arnulf of Metz (582–640)
- **Chlodulf of Metz** (d. 696 or 697)
- Ansegisel (c. 602–before 679)
- Pippin the Middle (c. 635–714)
- Grimoald II (d. 714)
- Drogo of Champagne (670–708)
- Theudoald (d. 741)

Carolingians

- Charles Martel (686–741)
- Carloman (d. 754)
- Pepin the Short (714–768)
- Carloman I (751–771)
- Charlemagne (742–814)

After the Treaty of Verdun (843)

- Lothair I, Holy Roman Emperor (795–855; Middle Francia)
- Charles the Bald (823–877) (West Francia)
- Louis the German (804–876) (East Francia)

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See also

- St. Cloud
- Clodoald Meroving

Sources

- *Les ancêtres de Charlemagne*, 1989, Christian Settipani