

# William III, Duke of Aquitaine

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**William III** (915 – 3 April 963), called **Towhead** (French: *Tête d'étoupe*, Latin: *Caput Stupe*) from the colour of his hair, was the "Count of the Duchy of Aquitaine" from 959 and Duke of Aquitaine from 962 to his death. He was also the Count of Poitou (as **William I**) from 935 and Count of Auvergne from 950. The primary sources for his reign are Ademar of Chabannes, Dudo of Saint-Quentin, and William of Jumièges.

William was son of Ebalus Manzer and Emilienne. He was born in Poitiers. He claimed the Duchy of Aquitaine from his father's death, but the royal chancery did not recognise his ducal title until the year before his own death.

Shortly after the death of King Rudolph in 936, he was constrained to forfeit some land to Hugh the Great by Louis IV. He did it with grace, but his relationship with Hugh thenceforward deteriorated. In 950, Hugh was reconciled with Louis and granted the duchies of Burgundy and Aquitaine. He tried to conquer Aquitaine with Louis's assistance, but William defeated them. Lothair, Louis's successor, feared the power of William. In August 955 he joined Hugh to besiege Poitiers, which resisted successfully. William, however, gave battle and was routed.

After the death of Hugh, his son Hugh Capet was named duke of Aquitaine, but he never tried to take up his fief, as William reconciled with Lothair.

He was given the abbey of Saint-Hilaire-le-Grand, which remained in his house after his death. He also built a library in the palace of Poitiers.

## Family background, marriage and issue

His father was duke Ebles Manzer, who already was a man in his middle years when he was born in about 913. According to the chronicle of Ademar de Chabannes, his mother was daughter of Rollo of Normandy. On the other hand, the less reliable Dodo has William III himself to marry in about 936 a daughter of Rollo. The lady (more likely his mother) was Geirlaug, in gallic usage Gerloc.

William III married a lady named or renamed Adèle, perhaps about 936, which might have been a match arranged by William I of Normandy for him.

With his wife Adèle, he had at least one child whose filiation is clearly attested:

- William, his successor in Aquitaine. He abdicated to the abbey of Saint-Cyprien in Poitiers and left the government to his son.

Many genealogies accept the high likelihood that their daughter was:

- Adelaide, who married Hugh Capet

But her parentage is not reliably testified in documentation of their epoch, instead it is regarded only as a good possibility by usual modern genealogical literature.

## See also

- Dukes of Aquitaine family tree

### William III, Duke of Aquitaine

<b>Spouse(s)</b>	Adèle
<b>Noble family</b>	House of Poitiers
<b>Father</b>	Ebalus of Aquitaine
<b>Mother</b>	Adele
<b>Born</b>	915 <div> Poitiers</div>
<b>Died</b>	3 April 963 <div> Saint-Maixent-l'École</div>

<b>William III, Duke of Aquitaine</b> <b>House of Poitiers</b> <b>Born:</b> 915 <b>Died:</b> 3 April 963		
Preceded by  <b>Ebalus</b>	<b>Duke of Aquitaine</b> 935–963	Succeeded by  <b>William IV</b>
	<b>Count of Poitiers</b> 935–963	

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